## Engineering Sketch Pad (ESP)

## esp

## Training Session 5 CSM Language (2)

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## esp Overview

- Looping
- PATBEG, PATBREAK, PATEND
- Logic
- IFTHEN, ELSEIF, ELSE, ENDIF
- Signal Handling
- THROW, CATBEG, CATEND
- Homework Exercises


## esp Patterns (1)

- Patterns are like "for" or "do" loops
- the Branches between the PATBEG and PATEND are executed a known number of times
- at the beginning of each "instance", the pattern number is incremented (from 1 to the number of copies)
- one can break out of the pattern early with a PATBREAK statement
- breaks out if argument evaluates to a positive number
- patterns can be nested within other patterns


## esp Patterns (2)

- Example pattern (indentation optional):

| PATBEG | $i$ | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SET | $j$ | $i-1$ |  |  |  |  |
| BOX | $j$ | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| ROTATEX | $j * 10$ | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| PATEND |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PA |  |  |  |  |  |  |

- is the same as:

| BOX | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ROTATEX | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| BOX | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| ROTATEX | 10 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |
| BOX | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| ROTATEX | 20 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |

## esp If/then (1)

- If/then constructs are used to make a choice within a .csm script
- start with IFTHEN statement
- has zero or more ELSEIF statements
- has zero or one ELSE statement
- has exactly one ENDIF statement
- The IFTHEN and ELSEIF statements have arguments, which can be specified in lowercase or UPPERCASE
- val1 - an expression
- op1 - can be lt, le, eq, ge, gt, ne, LT, ...
- val2 - an expression
- op2 - can be or, xor, and, OR, ... (defaults to and)
- val3 - an expression (defaults to 0)
- op3 - can be lt, le, eq, ge, gt, ne, LT, or ... (defaults to eq)
- val4 - an expression (defaults to 0 )


## esp If/then (2)

- Example (indentation optional):

| IFTHEN | a | eq | 4 | or | b | ne | 2 |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| BOX | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
| ELSEIF | c | eq | sqrt (9) |  |  |  |  |
| BOX | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| ELSE <br> BOX | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |  |
| ENDIF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

- Note that only one of the BOX commands will be executed


## esp Throw/catch (1)

- Throw/catch constructs are used to generate and react to signals (errors)
- Signals can be generated by
- executing a THROW command
- ESP uses negative signal numbers, so users should generally use positive signal numbers to avoid collisions
- a run-time error encountered elsewhere (see "help" for more info)
- When a signal is generated, all Branches are skipped until a matching CATBEG statement is encountered
- the signal is cancelled
- processing continues at the statement following the CATBEG
- If a CATBEG statement is encountered when there is no pending signal (or the pending signal does not match the CATBEG)
- all Branches up to, and including the matching CATEND statement, are skipped


## esp Throw/catch (2)



- BOX in line 1 is generated
- SPHERE in line 3 is skipped (since there is an active signal)
- CATBEG/CATEND in lines 4-6 are skipped (since they do not match 99)
- SPHERE in line 7 is skipped
- BOX in line 9 is generated
- CATBEG/CATEND in lines 11-13 are skipped (since the signal was cancelled when it was caught in line 8)


## esp Special Note on Programming Blocks

- Programming Blocks are delineated by
- PATBEG and PATEND
- IFTHEN, ELSEIF, ELSE, and ENDIF
- SOLBEG and SOLEND
- CATBEG and CATEND
- Any programming Block can be nested fully within any other programming Block (up to 20 levels deep)


## esp Homework Exercises

- Rectangular plate with holes
- Round plate with holes
- Determine if two Bodys overlap
- Files in \$ESP_ROOT/training/ESP/data/session05 will get you started


## esp Rectangular Plate with Holes（1）



Up to date Help
Undo Edit Save File
H L R B T＋
－Design Parameters
Design Parameters
nx
rad 3
2
0

+ Local Variables
+ Branches
－Display
$+\quad$ Body 19
Viz Grd

esp
ESP has been initialized and is attached to＇serveCSM＇


## esp Rectangular Plate with Holes (2)

| nx | number of holes in $X$-direction | 3.00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ny | number of holes in $Y$-direction | 2.00 |
| rad | radius of each hole | 0.30 |
|  | distance between hole centers | 1.00 |

## esp Rectangular Plate with Holes (3)

- Can you make a single hole in the center of the plate?
- Can you change your solution to have the holes spaced so that they fill the plate?
- What if you make the radius of the hole too big?


## ESP Round Plate with Holes (1)



|  |  |  | Help |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Up to date |  |  | Save File |  |  |  |
| H | L | R | B | T |  | $+\quad$. |
| - Design Parameters |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rplate |  |  |  |  | 4.5 |  |
| thick |  |  |  |  | 0.2 |  |
| space |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| Rhole |  |  |  |  | 0.8 |  |
| + Local Variables |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| + Branches |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Display |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $+$ | Bod | y 27 |  |  | Viz | Grd |



ESP has been initialized and is attached to 'servecSM'

## esp Round Plate with Holes (2)

| Rplate | radius of plate | 4.50 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| thick | thickness of plate | 0.20 |
| space | distance between hole centers | 2.00 |
| Rhole | radius of holes | 0.80 |
|  | number of holes selected |  |
|  | automatically |  |

## esp Overlapping Bodys (1)



## esp Overlapping Bodys (2)

- Write . csm file to:
- set overlap1 to 1 if Bodys 1 and 4 overlap, otherwise set it to 0
- set overlap2 to 1 if Bodys 2 and 4 overlap, otherwise set it to 0
- set overlap3 to 1 if Bodys 3 and 4 overlap, otherwise set it to 0
- Try to use a pattern to do this compactly

